

OTC Derivatives Compliance Calendar

Updated: June 30, 2020

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2020		
2H 2020	India	Basel III: Expected SA-CCR implementation.
2H 2020	India	Basel III: Expected standards for the capitalization of banks' exposures to central counterparties implementation.
July 1, 2020	UK	Deadline for the UK and EU to agree to a single, time-limited extension (of up to one or two years) of the implementation period, which otherwise ends on December 31, 2020.
July 1, 2020	Malaysia	Basel III: Phase 1 of NSFR implementation commences (80% minimum).
July 3, 2020	US	Expiration of relief to broker-dealers to provide research services that constitute investment advice under section 202(a)(11) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 to investment managers that are required under Directive 2014/65/EU to pay for the research services from their own money or research payment accounts. (SEC Relief, Division of Investment Management, October 26, 2017).
August / September 2020	US	Expected effective date for the FDIC, Federal Reserve, FCA, OCC and FHFA swap margin rules exempting interaffiliate swaps from initial margin requirements and allowing swaps to maintain legacy status when amended to replace an IBOR.
August / September 2020	US	Comments expected to be due on CFTC's proposed rule creating Phase VI of the IM Phase In.
August / September 2020	US	Expected effective date for the CFTC rule on Post-Trade Name Give-Up on Swap Execution Facilities.
September 1, 2020	Hong Kong	SFC variation margin requirements take effect (subject to thresholds and exemptions).
September 1, 2020	India	Effective date of the revised RBI directions on facilities for hedging FX risk.
September 15, 2020	O EU	Application of the mandatory systematic internaliser (SI) regime for derivatives under MiFID II / MiFIR, i.e. pre-trade transparency requirements and supply of the Financial Instruments Reference Data System (FIRDS) on derivatives subject to the mandatory SI regime based on ESMA calculations (to be published on of August 1, 2020).
September 28, 2020	US	Expiration of an extension of relief and additional relief to reporting parties from certain data reporting requirements implemented in connection with the CFTC's Ownership and Control Reports final rule (CFTC Letter No. 17-45).

September 30, 2020	US	Expiry of relief for certain members of DCMs and SEFs from time stamp requirements to facilitate separation of personnel in response to the COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-02)
		Expiry of relief for FCMs and Introducing Brokers to facilitate physical separation of personnel in response to the COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-03)
		Expiry of relief for Floor Brokers to facilitate physical separation of personnel in response to the COVID 19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-04)
		Expiry of relief for RFEDs from recording, time stamp requirements due to COVID 19 pandemic (See CFTC letter No. 20-05)
		Expiry of relief for Swap Dealers from recording, time stamp, requirements due to COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-06)
		Expiry of relief for SEFs from recording of oral communications, audit trail, and recordkeeping requirements due to COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-07, 20-08)
		Expiry of relief for DCMs from audit trail and related requirements due to COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-09)
		Expiry of relief for Insured Depository Institutions from the requirement to include certain swaps when calculating if it exceeds the registration threshold for MSPs, due to COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-10)
		For extension of this relief see CFTC NAL 20-19.
September 30, 2020	Australia	Expiry of relief from reporting exchange-traded derivatives (ETDs), Name Information, FX Securities Conversion Transactions and Identifying Information (due to consent and foreign privacy restrictions) under ASIC Corporations (Derivative Transaction Reporting Exemption) Instrument 2018/810 and ASIC Corporations (Amendment) Instrument 2019/169 (although extended relief is expected for at least the ETD, Name Information and FX Securities Conversion Transactions exemptions).
September 30, 2020	India	Basel III: Capital Conservation Buffer (2.5%) phased in from March 2016.
September 30, 2020	India	Basel III: Expiration of revised LCR requirement of 80%.
September 30, 2020	Korea	Basel III: Expiration of revised foreign currency LCR of 70% and total LCR of 85% requirements.

Q4 2020	EU	As a result of the COVID-19 crisis, the European Commission will now likely propose its legislative proposal (CRR III) implementing the market risk standards (FRTB) as a binding capital constraint as part of the review included in the CRR II text in Q4 2020 instead of the originally expected June 2020 date. The CRR III will also transpose the output floor, alongside the revised credit valuation adjustment framework, and operational and credit risk framework, amongst others. The proposal will also take into consideration the impact of the COVID-19 crisis on banks' financial situation.
By October 1, 2020	EU	 Following the finalization of the ESAs Review, ESMA shall submit draft regulatory technical standards (RTS), specifying requirements under the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR). The RTS shall specify: The requirements to ensure that the governance arrangements, in accordance with the BMR Article 4, are sufficiently robust. The conditions to ensure that the methodology of a benchmarks complies with the provisions set out in BMR Article 12 (a) to (e), i.e. the methodology shall be robust, reliable, subject to clear rules when discretion may be exercised, resilient, traceable and verifiable. The characteristics of the systems and controls a benchmark administrator should have established, to ensure the integrity of input data, in accordance with BMR Article 14. The criteria under BMR Article 21 on which National Competent Authorities should assess the cessation plans in relation to a critical benchmark. The criteria under which competent authorities may require changes to the compliance
		statement, in accordance with BMR Article 26.
October 1, 2020	India	Basel III: NSFR implementation.
October 1, 2020	US	Effective date for the CFTC, OCC, SEC, FDIC and Federal Reserve Amendments to the Volcker Rule for Covered Funds.
November 1, 2020	US	Compliance date for Post-Trade Name Give-Up on Swap Execution Facilities for swaps subject to the trade execution requirement.
November 5, 2020	US	Extension of SEC relief of temporary exemptions from Section 8[1] of the Exchange Act and from Exchange Act rules 8c-1, 15c2-1, 10b-16, 15c2-5, and 15a-1 [2] in connection with the revision of the definition of "security" to encompass security-based swaps. (See 85 Fed. Reg. 2763-2766 (January 16, 2020)).

November 15, 2020	US	Expiration of an extension of relief for the following package transactions (CFTC Letter No. 17-55):
		MAT/New Issuance BondMAT/Futures
		MAT/Non-MAT (Uncleared) MAT/Non- Occupation and the second and the secon
		 MAT/Non-Swap Instruments MAT/Non-CFTC Swap
November 15, 2020	US	Expiration of an extension of relief for SEFs from certain audit trail requirements in CFTC
11010111001 10, 2020	03	Regulation 37.205 related to post-trade allocation information (CFTC Letter No. 17-54).
November 15, 2020	US	Expiration of an extension of relief to SEFs in connection with the execution of block trades (CFTC Letter No. 17-60).
November 30, 2020	US	Expiration of relief to SEF CCOs providing them with 90 calendar days after the end of a SEF's fiscal year to concurrently file the Annual Compliance Report and fourth quarter financial report (CFTC Letter No. 17-61).
December 1, 2020	US	Expiration of an extension of relief from Parts 45 and 46 for swaps with non-US counterparties that are not guaranteed affiliates, or conduit affiliates, of a US person (CFTC Letter No. 17-64) (previously No. 16-79).
		Applies to CFTC-registered SDs and MSPs that are non-US persons established under the laws of Australia, Canada, the EU, Japan or Switzerland, and that are not part of an affiliated group in which the ultimate parent entity is a US: SD, MSP, bank, financial holding company or bank holding company.
December 20, 2020	○ EU	The three-year derogation from non-cleared margin rules for intragroup transactions concerning entities located in third-country jurisdictions where no EMIR Article 13(2) equivalence determination is in place is extended until December 20, 2020. Following this date, in the absence of an extension, intragroup transactions in derivatives in scope of the non-cleared margin rules, between EU entities and entities located in non-equivalent third-countries, would need to be margined in compliance with the Margin RTS (Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/2251).
December 20, 2020	○ EU	The first three-year derogation from the clearing obligation for intragroup transactions concerning entities located in third-country jurisdictions where no EMIR Article 13(2) equivalence determination is in place expired on December 21, 2018.
		On October 31, 2018, ESMA published a statement to ask national competent authorities to not prioritize their supervisory actions towards group entities that benefit from the derogation for intragroup transactions meeting certain conditions on and after December 21, 2018, pending adoption of a Commission Delegated Regulation extending the derogation. In April 2019, ESMA has proposed extending the derogation until December 21, 2020.

		On April 29, 2019, Commission Delegated Regulation 2019/667, amending Delegated Regulation 2015/2205 was published in the Official Journal of the European Union, extending the derogation from the clearing obligation for intragroup transactions concerning third country affiliates until December 21, 2020.
		Following December 21, 2020, in the absence of another extension, intragroup transactions in G4 currency interest rate swaps or credit derivatives (where relevant) subject to the clearing obligation, between EU entities and entities located in non-equivalent third-countries, would need to be cleared through a CCP, in compliance with the relevant Clearing RTS.
December 31, 2020	Global	The Financial Stability Board (FSB) recommends that regulators implement the CPMI-IOSCO Unique Transaction Identifier (UTI) Technical Guidance to take effect no later than December 31, 2020.
December 31, 2020	US	Expiration of relief to Eligible Affiliate Counterparties from the Outward-Facing Swaps Condition in the Inter-Affiliate Exemption (CFTC Letter No. 17-66) (previously No. 16-81).
December 31, 2020	US	Expiration of an extension of relief to Eligible Affiliate Counterparties who do not claim the Inter- Affiliate Exemption from the trade execution requirement (CFTC Letter No. 17-67) (previously No. 16-80).
December 31, 2020	EU	Date by which the European Commission has to publish a legislative proposal on the capital requirement regime for commodity trading firms.
December 31, 2020	UK	End of UK-EU transition period.
2021 and beyond		
January 2021	Singapore	Targeted implementation date for revised reporting standards for banks to reduce duplicate data submissions under MAS Notices 610 and 1003.
January 1, 2021	US	Compliance date for FDIC, Fed, OCC, SEC, CFTC Final Rule on Prohibitions and Restrictions on Proprietary Trading and Certain Interests in, and Relationships With, Hedge Funds and Private Equity Funds (See 84 Fed. Reg. 61974-62277 (November 14, 2019)).
January 1, 2021	EU	The European Commission shall adopt a delegated act, identifying sectors to be excluded from the methodology of Paris-aligned benchmarks under the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR).
January 1, 2021	Australia	Expected commencement of revised Prudential Standard APS 111 Capital Adequacy: Measurement of Capital, which establishes the criteria for ADIs' regulatory capital requirements.
January 1, 2021	Hong Kong	Effective date of the revised Financial Services Providers (FSP) List under the clearing obligation.
January 2, 2021	O EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, the European Commission shall adopt a delegated act specifying further criteria hat determine whether a CCP is systemically important (tiering) (EMIR article 25 (2a)).

January 2, 2021	EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, the European Commission shall adopt a delegated act specifying the assessment whether in its compliance with the applicable third-country framework, that CCP may be deemed to satisfy compliance with the requirements set out in Article 16 and Titles IV and V (EMIR article 25a (3)).
January 2, 2021	E U	In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA shall submit a draft RTS specifying the conditions under which the Union currencies that are considered as the most relevant (driving representation of central banks in the college) and the details of the written agreement between college members (EMIR article 18 (6)).
January 2, 2021	EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA shall submit a draft RTS develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying the conditions under which changes to a CCP's models and parameters are significant (EMIR article 49 (5)).
January 4, 2021	EU	The three-year derogation from margin rules in respect of non-centrally cleared over-the-counter derivatives which are single-stock equity options or index option where no EMIR Article 13(2) equivalence determination is in place is extended until January 4, 2021. Following this date, in the absence of an extension, equity option transactions will be in scope of the non-cleared margin rules in compliance with the Margin RTS (Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/2251).
January 4, 2021	EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA has to provide a draft RTS on conditions under which additional services of a CCP require a new authorization and also specifying the procedure for consulting the college established in accordance with Article 18 on whether or not those conditions are met (EMIR 2.2 article 1 (2)).
January 4, 2021	Hong Kong	Commencement of variation margin requirements for non-centrally cleared single stock options, equity basket options and equity index options (aligned with the above EU derogation).
January 31, 2021	Malaysia	Commencement of HLA requirements for D-SIBs.
February 19, 2021	US	Expiration of an extension of relief to market participants, DCMs and SEFs from certain Part 45 reporting obligations in connection with the execution of swap transactions accepted for clearing by DCOs exempted from DCO registration or operating pursuant to no-action relief. Relief was also granted pertaining to certain data field reporting requirements in Parts 43 and 45 (CFTC Letter No. 18-03).
March 1, 2021	US	
	EU	
	Switzerland	
	Japan	
	Canada	
	Singapore	

	Hong Kong Australia Korea Brazil South Africa	Three-month calculation period begins to determine whether the average aggregate notional amount of derivatives for an entity and its affiliates exceeds relevant threshold for initial margin requirements as of September 1, 2021.
March 31, 2021	India	Basel III: Expiration of revised LCR requirement of 90%.
March 31, 2021	Indonesia	Basel III: Expiration of revised LCR & NSFR requirement of 85%.
March 31, 2021	Indonesia	Basel III: Expiration of 2.5% CCB exemption.
April 2021	Korea	Expected implementation of trade reporting regime under the FSC Regulations on Financial Investment Business.
April 1, 2021	India	Basel III: Exemption of non-centrally cleared derivatives from large exposures calculation framework expires.
April 1, 2021	Japan	Earliest date that the net stable funding ratio will be implemented.
June 1, 2021	US	Three-month calculation period begins in the US to determine whether the material swaps exposure, or daily average aggregate notional amount, of swaps, security-based swaps, FX swaps and FX forwards for an entity and its affiliates that trade with a US swap dealer exceeds \$8 billion for the application of initial margin requirements as of September 1, 2022, subject to finalization of rule amendments.
June 18, 2021	O EU	Changes to the clearing obligation under EMIR Article 4 enter into force. Clearing members and clients which provide clearing services shall provide those services under fair, reasonable, non-discriminatory and transparent commercial terms (FRANDT). The European Commission shall specify these conditions via a delegated act. In addition, trade repositories have to, in accordance with EMIR Article 78, establish procedures and policies regarding the transfers, reconciliations, completeness and correctness of data.
June 26, 2021	EU	Full application of the investment firms review (published in the official journal of the EU on December 5, 2019), including changes to MiFID 2/ MiFIR third country regime.
June 28, 2021	O EU	Implementation date for the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio and the standardized approach for counterparty credit risk under the CRR II capital requirements text.

June 30, 2021	Hong Kong	Basel III: Effective date of BCAR 2020 and SA-CCR implementation.
June 30, 2021	Korea	Basel III: Expiry of FSS no-action relief for NSFR for special banks.
Q3 2021	EU	As a result of COVID-19, the European Banking Authority (EBA) has acknowledged there will be operational challenges to maintain the original Q1 2021 start date for the Standardised Approach (SA) reporting requirements under the CRR II market risk standard. It has communicated that Q3 2021 would be the new start date. The EBA has also asked the European Commission to further delay the date of application of the delegated act triggering the reporting obligations for SA.
July 5, 2021	US	Compliance date for Post-Trade Name Give-Up on Swap Execution Facilities for swaps not subject to the trade execution requirement.
July 31, 2021	US	Expiration of an extension of relief to Shanghai Clearing House permitting it to clear swaps subject to mandatory clearing in the People's Republic of China for the proprietary trades of clearing members that are US persons or affiliates of US persons (CFTC Letter No. 18-04).
August 6, 2021	US	Counting date for thresholds in SBS entity definitions per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
September 1, 2021	Australia	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 APRA covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding AUD 75 billion.
	Singapore	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 MAS covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding SGD 80 billion.
	★ Hong Kong	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 HKMA Als and SFC LCs with an aggregate notional amount exceeding HKD 375 billion.
	Korea	Initial margin requirements apply to financial institutions with derivatives exceeding more than KRW 70 trillion.
	Japan	Initial margin requirements apply under Japanese margin rules to Phase 5 entities.
	Canada	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 OSFI covered entities with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding CAD 75 billion.
	Switzerland	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties whose aggregate month-end average position exceeds CHF 50 billion.
	O EU	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties with an aggregate average aggregate notional amount exceeding EUR 50 billion (per draft EMIR RTS).

	US	Initial margin requirements apply to covered swap entities with average aggregate daily notional amount exceeding USD 50 billion.
September 30, 2021	Malaysia Malaysia	Basel III: Phase 2 of NSFR implementation commences (100% minimum).
By October 1, 2021	EU	The European Commission (EC) shall adopt delegated acts, in accordance with BMR Article 49, to specify the rules of procedure for the exercise of the power to impose fines or periodic penalty payments, including provisions on rights of defence, temporal provisions and the collection of fines or periodic penalty payments, and the limitation periods for the imposition and enforcement of fines and periodic penalty payments.
		In addition, the EC shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 49 in order to supplement this Regulation by specifying the type of fees, the matters for which fees are due, the amount of the fees and the manner in which they are to be paid.
October 1, 2021	Singapore	Commencement of reporting of equity, commodity and FX derivative contracts booked or traded in Singapore by finance companies, subsidiaries of banks incorporated in Singapore, insurers and holders of CMS licenses with annual aggregate gross notional amount of specified derivatives contracts of more than S\$5 billion, and all significant derivatives holders.
October 6, 2021	US	Registration compliance date. This the earliest compliance date for several rules applicable to SBS entities per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
October 8, 2021	Singapore	Commencement of risk mitigation requirements for non-centrally derivative contracts under Regulation 54B of the Securities and Futures (Licensing and Conduct of Business) Regulations.
November 1, 2021	US	Registration applications due from SBS dealers that incur a registration obligation on the counting date per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
December 1, 2021	US	Registration applications due from major-SBS participants that incur a registration obligation as a result of SBS activities in their quarter ending September 30, 2021 per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
December 31, 2021	EU	All benchmark administrators in scope of the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR), with the exception of currency and interest rate benchmarks, have to explain in their benchmark statement how their methodology aligns with the Paris agreement.

January 1, 2022	EU	The transitional period for benchmarks designated as critical and non-EU benchmarks under the Financial Benchmarks Regulation (BMR) ends on January 1, 2022. Critical and non-EU benchmarks administrators will have to be included in the ESMA register of benchmarks (or have applied for it and not been rejected yet) by that date. Otherwise, EU supervised entities will no longer be able to refer in their transactions to benchmarks provided by these administrators (with the exception of transaction entered into before January 1, 2022 referencing non-EU benchmarks).
		ESAs Review: Start date of the application of the provisions relating to the BMR.
		ESMA will become the competent authority for administrators of critical benchmarks, as defined in Article 20(1)(a) and (c), i.e. large interest rate benchmarks such as Euribor, EONIA, WIBOR and STIBOR.
		ESMA will also become the competent authority under the recognition process (BMR Article 32) for administrators located in third country jurisdictions. This notably removes the requirement for third country benchmark administrators to identify the 'member state of reference'.
January 1, 2022	O EU	Administrators of significant benchmarks, as defined under the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR), have to endeavor to market at least one EU climate-transition benchmark.
January 1, 2022	US	Compliance date for advanced approaches banking organizations of standardized approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)—for calculating the exposure amount of derivative contracts under U.S. prudential regulators' regulatory capital rule (See 85 Fed. Reg. 4362-4444 (January 24, 2020)).
January 1, 2022	Australia	Revised APS 220 Credit Risk Management comes into effect.
January 2, 2022	EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA shall assess the staffing and resources needs arising from the assumption of its powers and duties in accordance with this Regulation and submit a report to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission (EMIR article 90).
March 1, 2022	O EU	
	Switzerland	
	Japan	
	•	
	Canada	Three-month calculation period begins to determine whether the average aggregate notional amount of derivatives for an entity and its affiliates exceeds relevant threshold for initial margin requirements as of September 1, 2022.
	Singapore	

	Hong Kong	
	Australia	
	South Africa	
April 2, 2022	Australia	Expiry of ASIC Corporations (Amendment) Instrument 2020/149, providing relief from mandatory clearing requirements for AUD-denominated FRAs.
June 1, 2022	US	Three-month calculation period begins in the US to determine whether the material swaps exposure, or daily average aggregate notional amount, of swaps, security-based swaps, FX swap and FX forwards for an entity and its affiliates that trade with a US swap dealer exceeds \$8 billion for the application of initial margin requirements as of January 1, 2023, subject to finalization of rule amendments.
September 1, 2022	US US	Initial margin requirements apply to covered swap entities with material swaps exposure (average aggregate daily notional amount exceeding USD 8 billion).
	EU	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties with an aggregate average notional amount exceeding EUR 8 billion (per draft EMIR RTS).
	Australia	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 APRA covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding AUD 12 billion.
	Canada	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 covered entities with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding CAD 12 billion.
	₩ Hong Kong	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 HKMA Als and SFC LCs with an aggregate notional amount exceeding HKD 60 billion.
	Korea	Initial margin requirements apply to financial institutions with derivatives exceeding more than KRW 10 trillion.
	Switzerland	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties whose aggregate month-end average position exceeds CHF 8 billion.
	Singapore	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 MAS covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding SGD 13 billion.
	Japan	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 JFSA covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding JPY 1.1 billion.
September 30, 2022	Australia	Expiry of ASIC Corporations (Amendment) Instrument 2020/242, providing relief from reporting certain unique transaction identifiers (UTIs) and from NZ banks reporting entity information.

October 9, 2022	Global	The Financial Stability Board (FSB) recommends that jurisdiction-level regulators implement the CPMI-IOSCO Unique Product Identifier (UPI) Technical Guidance to take effect no later than third quarter 2022.
October 9, 2022	Global	Committee on Payments and Market Infrastructures (CPMI) and the International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) recommend that jurisdiction-level regulators implement the CPMI-IOSCO Critical Data Elements (CDE) Technical Guidance to take effect no later than October 9, 2022.
December 31, 2022	EU	The European Commission shall review the minimum standards of carbon benchmarks (climate-transition and Paris-aligned benchmarks) in order to ensure that the selection of the underlying assets is coherent with environmentally sustainable investment as defined by the EU taxonomy.
December 31, 2022	EU	Before December 31, 2020, the European Commission shall present a report to the co-legislators on the impact of climate-benchmark amendments to the European Benchmark Regulation (BMR). The report shall be accompanied, where appropriate by a legislative proposal.
January 1, 2023	Global	FRTB: Banks are required to report under the new market risk standards by January 1, 2023.
January 1, 2023	Global	Leverage Ratio: Banks are required to calculate leverage using the revised exposure definitions, including the G-SIB buffer from January 2023.
January 1, 2023	Global	CVA: Banks are required to implement the revised CVA framework from January 2023.
January 1, 2023	O EU	New application date for the leverage ratio surcharge for G-SIIs in the EU as agreed in the CRR quick fix legislation finalised in June 2020.
January 1, 2023	₩ Hong Kong	Basel III: Locally incorporated Als required to report under FRTB framework.
January 1, 2023	Hong Kong	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised credit risk, operational risk, output floor, and leverage ratio frameworks.
January 1, 2023	Australia	Expected implementation of revised capital framework for ADIs.
January 1, 2023	Australia	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised leverage ratio requirements, including revised treatment for client clearing.
January 1, 2023	Singapore	Basel III: Expected implementation of FRTB framework for supervisory reporting purposes.
January 1, 2023	Singapore	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised credit risk, operational risk, output floor and leverage ratio frameworks.

January 2, 2023	EU	 In the context of EMIR 2.2, the European Commission shall produce a report assessing the effectiveness of: ESMA's tasks, in particular the CCP Supervisory Committee's, in fostering the convergence and coherence of the application of EMIR2.2 among the competent authorities; the framework for the recognition and supervision of third-country CCPs; the framework for guaranteeing a level playing field among CCPs authorized in the EU and third-country CCPs; and the division of responsibilities between ESMA, the competent authorities and the central banks of issue (EMIR article 85 (7)).
Q3 2023	EU	Expected start date for the Internal Model Approach (IM) reporting requirements under the CRR II market risk standard.
January 1, 2024	Australia	Basel III: Expected implementation of FRTB framework.

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