

































Updated: September 30, 2021










*New additions/content to the calendar are now **highlighted in red**. Please note that any deletions to the calendar are **NOT emphasized**.*
















2021		
2H 2021	 India	Basel III: Expected SA-CCR implementation.
2H 2021	 India	Basel III: Expected implementation of standards for the capitalization of banks' exposures to CCPs.
From September 30, 2021	 EU	As a result of COVID-19, both the European Banking Authority and the European Commission have now acknowledged there will be operational challenges to maintain the original Q1 2021 start date for the Standardised Approach (SA) reporting requirements under the CRR II market risk standard. The delegated act operationalizing these reporting standards for SA have a start date from September 30, 2021 onwards. The reporting templates should be applicable from October 5, 2021.
Q4 2021	 EU	The European Commission shall publish and adopt an Implementing Act (IA) to designate statutory replacements rates for EONIA.
Q4 2021	 Australia	Expected finalisation of APRA banking standards relating to the overall approach to capital requirements, SA-CCR and the internal ratings-based approach to credit risk, with an effective date of January 2023.
By October 1, 2021	 EU	The European Commission (EC) will adopt a Delegated Act (DA) on specifying fees and rules of procedure for measures applicable to the supervision by ESMA of certain benchmark administrators (i.e. supervisory fees, fines and penalties for administrators of critical and/or third country benchmarks).
October 1, 2021	 Singapore	Commencement of reporting of equity, commodity and FX derivative contracts booked or traded in Singapore by finance companies, subsidiaries of banks incorporated in Singapore, insurers and holders of CMS licenses with annual aggregate gross notional amount of specified derivatives contracts of more than S\$5 billion, and all significant derivatives holders.
October 1, 2021	 India	Basel III: NSFR implementation.
October 1, 2021	 India	Basel III: Capital Conservation Buffer (2.5%) phased in from March 2016.
October 1, 2021	 Hong Kong	Implementation of new ISDA floating rate indices within the HKTR.











October 6, 2021	 US	Registration compliance date: This the earliest compliance date for several rules applicable to SBS entities per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
October 6, 2021	 US	Compliance date: CFTC Capital Requirements for Swap Dealers and Major Swap Participants
October 8, 2021	 Singapore	Commencement of risk mitigation requirements for non-centrally derivative contracts under Regulation 54B of the Securities and Futures (Licensing and Conduct of Business) Regulations.
<i>End October/November 2021 (expected)</i>	 EU	As a result of the COVID-19 crisis, the European Commission is now <i>expected</i> to publish its next banking legislative proposal (CRR III) in <i>the end of October/November 2021</i> . The CRR III will transpose the market risk standards (FRTB) as a binding capital constraint, the output floor, the revised credit valuation adjustment framework, alongside operational and credit risk framework, amongst others. The proposal will also take into consideration the impact of the COVID-19 crisis on the EU banking sector.
November 1, 2021	 US	Registration applications due from SBS dealers that incur a registration obligation on the counting date per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
November 8, 2021	 US	Projected Compliance Date 1 for SEC Security-Based Swap Reporting (SBSR): With respect to newly executed SBS in a particular asset class, SBSR Compliance Date 1 for an asset class is the first Monday that is the later of: (1) six months after the date on which the first SDR that can accept transaction reports in that asset class registers with the Commission; or (2) one month after the SBS entities registration compliance date.
November 8, 2021	 US	Date to begin SEC portfolio reconciliation for security-based swaps (See SEC NAL published August 5, 2021).
December 1, 2021	 US	Registration applications due from major-SBS participants that incur a registration obligation as a result of SBS activities in their quarter ending September 30, 2021 per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
December 1, 2021	 Malaysia	Expected deadline for banks to elect to apply the transitional arrangements for regulatory capital treatment of accounting provisions.
<i>December 6, 2021</i>	 Japan	<i>Amendment to the scope of the mandatory clearing requirements (the removal of interest rate swaps referring to 3/6M JPY LIBOR and the addition of TONA compounding OISs that are clearable at JSCC), subject to the public consultation (the deadline to respond is October 8, 2021).</i>
<i>December 6, 2021</i>	 Japan	<i>Amendment to the scope of the mandatory trading requirements at electronic trading facility (the removal of interest rate swaps referring to 6M JPY LIBOR and the addition of TONA compounding OISs that are clearable at JSCC), subject to the public consultation (the deadline to respond is October 8, 2021).</i>
December 30, 2021	 EU	The European Supervisory Authorities (ESMA, EBA, EIOPA) shall submit a RTS to specify website disclosures of adverse social sustainability impacts at entity level (Article 4) under the sustainability-related disclosures in financial sector regulation (SFDR).















December 31, 2021	 UK	LIBOR phase out deadline.
December 31, 2021	 EU	All benchmark administrators in scope of the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR), with the exception of currency and interest rate benchmarks, have to explain in their benchmark statement how their methodology aligns with carbon emission reductions.
December 31, 2021	 EU	The European Commission shall publish a report describing the provisions that would be required to extend the scope of the EU Taxonomy regulation beyond environmentally sustainable economic activities and describing the provisions that would be required to cover economic activities that do not have a significant impact on environmental sustainability and economic activities that significantly harm environmental sustainability ('Brown Taxonomy') and whether other sustainability objectives such as social objectives should be added to the framework.
December 31, 2021	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 96): The European Commission (EC) shall review the application of Article 27(7) (Requirement to for the resolution authority to write down and convert any instruments of ownership and debt instruments or other unsecured liabilities immediately before or together the use of a government stabilization tool). The EC shall submit a report thereon to the European Parliament and to the Council accompanied where appropriate by proposals for revision of this Regulation.
December 31, 2021	 EU	The transitional provisions for 'critical benchmarks' (EURIBOR, EONIA, NIBOR, STIBOR and WIBOR) under the EU BMR expires.
December 31, 2021	 Hong Kong	Date by which AIs should cease to issue new LIBOR-linked products, unless in certain circumstances as specified by the HKMA in the Dear CEO circular of August 19, 2021.
2022		
H1 2022	 EU	The European Commission shall adopt Delegated Acts (DAs) to specify the technical screening criteria with respect to 'the sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources', 'the transition to a circular economy', 'pollution prevention and control' and 'the protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystem' (Article 9 (c) - (f)), with a view to ensuring its application from January 1, 2023.
Q1 2022	 Australia	<i>Expected 2nd ASIC consultation on updating the Australian reporting regime.</i>
January 1, 2022	 EU	Administrators of significant benchmarks, as defined under the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR), have to endeavor to market at least one EU climate-transition benchmark.
January 1, 2022	 EU	From 2022, the disclosure requirement under Regulation EU 2020/852 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment ('EU Taxonomy') with respect to the environmental objectives 'climate change mitigation' and 'climate change adaptation' (Article 9 (a) and (b)) have to be applied.














January 1, 2022	 EU	<p>ESAs Review: Start date of the application of the provisions relating to the BMR.</p> <p>ESMA will become the competent authority for administrators of critical benchmarks, as defined in Article 20(1)(a) and (c).</p> <p>ESMA will also become the competent authority under the recognition process (BMR Article 32) for administrators located in third country jurisdictions. This notably removes the requirement for third country benchmark administrators to identify the 'member state of reference'.</p>
January 1, 2022	 UK	Date by which outstanding elements on the UK-onshored version of the 2 nd Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR 2) will apply including the net stable funding ratio, leverage ratio and the standardized approach for counterparty credit risk.
January 1, 2022	 US	Compliance date for advanced approaches banking organizations of standardized approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR) for calculating the exposure amount of derivative contracts under US prudential regulators' regulatory capital rule (See 85 Fed. Reg. 4362-4444 (January 24, 2020)).
January 1, 2022	 Thailand	Date after which the fallback THBFX is permitted to be referenced only in new derivative contracts.
January 2, 2022	 EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA shall assess the staffing and resources needs arising from the assumption of its powers and duties in accordance with this Regulation and submit a report to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission (EMIR article 90).
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 9 (5)): ESMA in cooperation with ESRB shall specify the minimum list of qualitative and quantitative indicators triggering recovery actions. A consultation has been published in July 2021.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 9 (12)): ESMA in cooperation with ESRB shall issue guidelines on scenarios for recovery plans, taking account of supervisory stress tests where appropriate. A consultation has been published in July 2021.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 9 (15)): ESMA in cooperation with EBA and after consulting the ESCB shall develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying the methodology for calculation and maintenance of the additional amount of pre-funded dedicated own resources (SSITG). A consultation has been published in July 2021.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 10 (12)): ESMA, in cooperation with the ESCB and the ESRB shall develop criteria to assess CCP's recovery plan. A consultation has been published in July 2021.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 12 (9)): ESMA, after consulting with the ESRB shall develop draft regulatory technical standards further specifying the contents of the Resolution Plan in accordance with paragraph 7.












February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 15 (5)): ESMA, in close cooperation with the ESRB shall issue guidelines to promote the convergence of resolution practices regarding the application of section C of the Annex.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 18 (8)): ESMA shall issue guidelines in accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No. 1095/2010 to promote the consistent application of the triggers for the use of the early intervention measures. A consultation has been published in July 2021.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 20 (2)): ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the order in which recompense must be paid, the appropriate maximum number of years and the appropriate maximum share of the CCPs annual profits. A consultation has been published in July 2021.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 22 (6)): ESMA shall adopt guidelines to promote the convergence of supervisory and resolution practices regarding the application of the circumstances under which a CCP is deemed to be failing or likely to fail
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 25 (6)): ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Independence of validator • Methodology for assessing the value of assets and liabilities of the CCP • Separation of valuations under art 24 and art 61.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 26 (4)): ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the methodology for calculating the buffer for additional losses to be included in provisional valuations.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 29 (7)): ESMA shall issue guidelines further specifying the methodology to be used by the resolution authority for determining the valuation of contracts to be torn up.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 61 (5)): ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying the methodology for carrying out the NCWO valuation including the calculation of the losses following liquidation if the CCP had been wound up under normal insolvency proceedings, following the full application of the applicable contractual obligations and other arrangements in its operating rules.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 63 (2)): ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards in order to specify, in a transparent manner, to the extent allowed by confidentiality of contractual arrangements, the conditions under which the passing on of compensation, cash equivalent of such compensation or any proceeds that the clearing member receives from the CCP, and the conditions under which it is to be considered proportionate.













February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 83 (4)): ESMA shall submit a report to the Commission on the publication of administrative penalties and other administrative measures by Member States on an anonymous basis and in particular whether there have been significant divergences between Member States in that respect. That report shall also address any significant divergences in the duration of publication of administrative penalties or other administrative measures under national law for Member States for publication of administrative penalties and other administrative measures.
February 12, 2022	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 87 EMIR art 45a (3)): ESMA shall draft guidelines further specifying the circumstances in which the competent authority may request the CCP to refrain from undertaking dividends, bonuses and buy-backs. A consultation has been published in July 2021.
March 1, 2022	 EU  Switzerland  Japan  Canada  Singapore  Hong Kong  Australia  South Africa  US	Three-month calculation period begins to determine whether the average aggregate notional amount of derivatives for an entity and its affiliates exceeds relevant threshold for initial margin requirements as of September 1, 2022. In the US, this calculation period only applies under CFTC regulations.
March 3, 2022	 Singapore	MAS Notice SFA 04-N16 on Execution of Customers' Orders and the related Guidelines to the Notice take effect.
March 31, 2022	 UK	Following the use a temporary transitional power (TTP) by the bank of England, UK firms can continue to follow, until March 31, 2022, the procedures and arrangements for risk management in non-cleared derivatives business that were required under EU EMIR.
<i>Q2 2022</i>	 <i>Singapore</i>	<i>Expected publication of the updated MAS reporting regime, with a 1-year implementation period.</i>
April 2, 2022	 Australia	Expiry of ASIC Corporations (Amendment) Instrument 2020/149, providing relief from mandatory clearing requirements for AUD-denominated FRAs.




April 13, 2022	 US	Compliance date: CFTC Bankruptcy Regulations (See 86 Fed. Reg.19324-19477 (April 13, 2021)).
May 25, 2022	 US	Swap data repositories (SDRs), swap execution facilities (SEFs), designated contract markets (DCMs), and reporting counterparties must comply with the amendments to the CFTC swap data reporting regulations found in Part 43, Part 45 and Part 49 by the compliance date of May 25, 2022; provided, however that SDRs, SEFs, DCMs, and reporting counterparties must comply with the amendments to §§43.4(h) and 43.6 by May 25, 2023.
June 1, 2022	 US	Three-month calculation period begins under US prudential regulations to determine whether the material swaps exposure, or daily average aggregate notional amount, of swaps, security-based swaps, FX swaps and FX forwards for an entity and its affiliates that trade with a prudentially-regulated swap dealer exceeds \$8 billion for the application of initial margin requirements as of January 1, 2023.
June 1, 2022	 EU	The European Supervisory Authorities (ESMA, EBA, EIOPA) shall submit draft Regulatory Technical Standard (RTS) on the presentation and content for the environmental objectives ‘the sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources’, ‘the transition to a circular economy’, ‘pollution prevention and control’ and ‘the protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystem’ under the EU Taxonomy Regulation.
June 30, 2022	 EU	The temporary recognition of UK CCPs (LME, ICE and LCH) under the EMIR 2.2. framework expires. Unless further addressed, following this date, EU firms could not have access to the UK CCPs and would need to relocate their clearing activities to EU CCPs. Please note that under EMIR 2.2, ESMA has also performed its tiering assessment, with LME becoming a Tier 1 CCP whereas ICE and LCH are considered Tier 2 CCPs.
June 30, 2022	 EU	Expiry of the derogation from collateralization of cross-border intragroup transactions under the EMIR Margin RTS. International groups wanting to avail of the intragroup exemption for cross-border intragroup trades involving a group entity under US PRU, Australian, Brazilian, Canadian, Hong Kong or Singaporean jurisdiction should obtain confirm permission to use the exemption from their NCAs by November 26, 2021, i.e. entry into force of the equivalence decisions taken under EMIR article 13 (July 26, 2021) + 4 months. See: US PRU equivalence ; Singapore Equivalence ; Brazil equivalence ; Canada equivalence ; Hong Kong equivalence ; Australia equivalence .
June 30, 2022	 Korea	Basel III: Expiry of FSS no-action relief for NSFR for special banks.
Q3 2022	 Global	The Financial Stability Board (FSB) recommends that regulators implement the CPMI-IOSCO Unique Product Identifier (UPI) Technical Guidance to take effect no later than in the third quarter of 2022.
Q3 2022	 Australia	<i>Expected publication of the updated ASIC reporting regime, with a 1-year implementation period.</i>
July 1, 2022	 EU	Article 11 requirements with respect to periodic reports under the sustainability-related disclosures in financial sector regulation (SFDR) shall apply.

July 31, 2022	 US	Expiration of an extension of relief to Shanghai Clearing House permitting it to clear swaps subject to mandatory clearing in the People's Republic of China for the proprietary trades of clearing members that are US persons or affiliates of US persons (CFTC Letter No. 20-46).
September 1, 2022	 US	Initial margin requirements apply to covered swap entities with material swaps exposure (average aggregate daily notional amount exceeding USD 8 billion).
	 EU	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties with an aggregate average notional amount exceeding EUR 8 billion.
	 Australia	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 APRA covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding AUD 12 billion.
	 Canada	Under both OSFI and AMF guidelines, initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 covered entities with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding CAD 12 billion.
	 Hong Kong	Initial margin and risk mitigation requirements apply to Phase 6 HKMA AIs and SFC LCs with an aggregate notional amount exceeding HKD 60 billion.
	 Korea	Initial margin requirements apply to financial institutions with derivatives exceeding more than KRW 10 trillion.
	 Switzerland	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties whose aggregate month-end average position exceeds CHF 8 billion.
	 Singapore	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 MAS covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding SGD 13 billion.
	 Japan	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 JFSA covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding JPY 1.1 billion.
	 South Africa	Initial margin requirements apply to a provider with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding ZAR 15 trillion.
	 UK	FCA/PRA implementation of the phase 6 bilateral margin obligations.
September 30, 2022	 Australia	Expiry of ASIC Corporations (Amendment) Instrument 2020/242, providing relief from reporting certain unique transaction identifiers (UTIs) and from NZ banks reporting entity information.
		Expiry of ASIC Corporations (Amendment) Instrument 2020/827, providing relief from reporting exchange-traded derivatives, name information and FX securities conversion transactions.
October 9, 2022	 Global	The Financial Stability Board (FSB) recommends that jurisdiction-level regulators implement the CPMI-IOSCO Unique Product Identifier (UPI) Technical Guidance to take effect no later than third quarter 2022.

October 9, 2022	 Global	Committee on Payments and Market Infrastructures (CPMI) and the International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) recommend that jurisdiction-level regulators implement the CPMI-IOSCO Critical Data Elements (CDE) Technical Guidance to take effect no later than October 9, 2022.
December 30, 2022	 EU	Requirements under EU Regulation 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial sector (SFDR) with respect to the comply or explain product-level adverse impacts (Article 7) shall apply.
December 31, 2022	 EU	The European Commission shall review the minimum standards of carbon benchmarks (climate-transition and Paris-aligned benchmarks) in order to ensure that the selection of the underlying assets is coherent with environmentally sustainable investment as defined by the EU taxonomy.
December 31, 2022	 EU	Before December 31, 2022, the European Commission shall present a report to the co-legislators on the impact of an 'ESG benchmark', taking into account the evolving nature of sustainability indicators and the methods used to measure them. The report shall be accompanied, where appropriate by a legislative proposal.
December 31, 2022	 EU	Before December 31, 2022, the European Commission shall propose minimum sustainability criteria, or a combination of criteria for financial products that fall under Art. 8 of the SFDR, in order to guarantee minimum sustainability performance of such products.
December 31, 2022	 UK	As established by the Policy Statement PS14/21 published by the UK FCA and the UK PRA in June 2021 (https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/policy-statement/ps1421.pdf), UK firms are able to continue to use EEA UCITS as eligible collateral under the UK non-cleared margin rules.
2023 and beyond		
<i>January 2023</i>	 <i>Australia</i>	<i>Expected effective date of APRA banking standards relating to the overall approach to capital requirements, SA-CCR and the internal ratings-based approach to credit risk.</i>
January 1, 2023	 Global	FRTB: Banks are required to report under the new market risk standards by January 1, 2023.
January 1, 2023	 Global	Leverage Ratio: Banks are required to calculate leverage using the revised exposure definitions, including the G-SIB buffer from January 2023.
January 1, 2023	 Global	CVA: Banks are required to implement the revised CVA framework from January 2023.
January 1, 2023	 EU	New application date for the leverage ratio surcharge for G-SIIs in the EU as agreed in the CRR quick fix legislation finalised in June 2020.
January 1, 2023	 EU	From 2023, the disclosure requirement under Regulation EU 2020/852 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment ('EU Taxonomy') with respect to the environmental objectives 'the sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources', 'the transition to a circular economy', 'pollution prevention and control' and 'the protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystem' (Article 9@ -(f)) have to be applied.
January 1, 2023	 US	Initial post phase-in compliance date for US prudential initial margin requirements for an entity that trades with a prudentially-regulated swap dealer and for which the material swaps exposure of the entity and its affiliates exceeds \$8 billion.

January 1, 2023	 Australia	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised leverage ratio requirements, including revised treatment for client clearing.
January 1, 2023	 Singapore	Basel III: Expected implementation of FRTB framework for supervisory reporting purposes.
January 1, 2023	 Singapore	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised credit risk, operational risk, output floor and leverage ratio frameworks.
<i>January 1, 2023</i>	 <i>Malaysia</i>	<i>Discontinuation of publication of 2-month and 12-month KLIBOR by BNM.</i>
January 2, 2023	 EU	<p>In the context of EMIR 2.2, the European Commission shall produce a report assessing the effectiveness of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ESMA's tasks, in particular the CCP Supervisory Committee's, in fostering the convergence and coherence of the application of EMIR2.2 among the competent authorities; • the framework for the recognition and supervision of third-country CCPs; • the framework for guaranteeing a level playing field among CCPs authorized in the EU and third-country CCPs; and • the division of responsibilities between ESMA, the competent authorities and the central banks of issue (EMIR article 85 (7)).
February 12, 2023	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 37 (4)): ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the minimum elements that should be included in a business reorganisation plan. Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph.
February 12, 2023	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 38 (4)): ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify further the minimum criteria that a business reorganisation plan is to fulfil for approval by the resolution authority.
March 31, 2023	 Japan	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised credit risk, CVA, operational risk, leverage ratio and FRTB frameworks.
<i>Q2 2023</i>	 <i>Singapore</i>	<i>Expected go-live of the updated MAS reporting regime.</i>
May 25, 2023	 US	Swap data repositories (SDRs), swap execution facilities (SEFs), designated contract markets (DCMs), and reporting counterparties must comply with the amendments to the CFTC swap data reporting regulations §§43.4(h) and 43.6 by the compliance date of May 25, 2023.
By June 15, 2023	 EU	The European Commission shall adopt a Delegated Acts (DA) to designate exempted FX spot rates from the scope of the EU BMR.

June 15, 2023	 EU	The European Commission (EC) shall submit a report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the scope of the BMR, in particular with respect to the use of third country benchmarks. If appropriate, the EC shall accompany the report with a legislative proposal.
July 1, 2023	 Hong Kong	Basel III: Locally incorporated AIs required to report under revised FRTB and CVA frameworks.
July 1, 2023	 Hong Kong	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised credit risk, operational risk, output floor, and leverage ratio frameworks.
Q3/Q4 2023	 EU	Earliest expected start date for the Internal Model Approach (IM) reporting requirements under the CRR II market risk standard.
<i>Q3 2023</i>	 <i>Australia</i>	<i>Expected go-live of the updated ASIC reporting regime.</i>
September 1, 2023	 South Africa	Initial margin requirements apply to a provider with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding ZAR 8 trillion.
December 31, 2023	 EU	The amended Benchmarks Regulation that entered into force on February 13, 2021 extends the BMR transition period for non-EU benchmark administrators until December 31, 2023 and empowers the European Commission (EC) to adopt a delegated act by June 15, 2023 to prolong this extension by maximum two years until December 31, 2025. It also enables the EC to adopt delegated acts by June 15, 2023 in order to create a list of spot foreign exchange benchmarks that will be excluded from the scope of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011.
January 1, 2024	 Australia	Basel III: Expected implementation of FRTB framework.
January 4, 2024	 EU	Expiry of the three-year derogation from margin rules in respect of non-centrally cleared over-the-counter derivatives, which are single-stock equity options or index options.
January 4, 2024	 Hong Kong	Expiry of the SFC exemption from margin requirements for non-centrally cleared single stock options, equity basket options and equity index options.
February 12, 2024	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 96): ESMA shall assess the staffing and resources needs arising from the assumption of its powers and duties in accordance with this Regulation and submit a report to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission.
September 1, 2024	 South Africa	Initial margin requirements apply to a provider with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding ZAR 100 billion.

February 12, 2026	 EU	<p>CCP R&R (Article 96): The European Commission (EC) shall review the implementation of this Regulation and shall assess at least the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the appropriateness and sufficiency of financial resources available to the resolution authority to cover losses arising from a non-default event • the amount of own resources of the CCP to be used in recovery and in resolution and the means for its use • whether the resolution tools available to the resolution authority are adequate. <p>Where appropriate, that report shall be accompanied by proposals for revision of this Regulation.</p>
June 2026	 EU	Commodity dealers as defined under CCR and which have been licensed as investment firms under MiFID 2/ MIFIR have to comply with real capital/large exposures/liquidity regime under Investment Firms Regulation (IFR) provisions on liquidity and IFR disclosure provisions.
August 12, 2027	 EU	CCP R&R (Article 96): The Commission shall review this Regulation and its implementation and shall assess the effectiveness of the governance arrangements for the recovery and resolution of CCPs in the Union and submit a report thereon to the European Parliament and to the Council, accompanied where appropriate by proposals for revision of this Regulation.

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