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2020		
2H 2020	 India	Basel III: Expected SA-CCR implementation.
2H 2020	 India	Basel III: Expected standards for the capitalization of banks' exposures to central counterparties implementation.
By end of June 2020	 EU	As a result of the COVID-19 crisis, the European Commission proposed a CRR 'quick fix' legislation providing further measures to alleviate the impact of COVID-19 for banks in Europe. The 'quick fix' legislation provides additional delays in the implementation of certain elements of the prudential framework such as IFRS 9 accounting and the new leverage ratio rules (amongst other things). The proposal is now expected to be negotiated between member states and the European Parliament. The expectation is for this proposal to be concluded in the next few weeks in time for the European Parliament Plenary Session on June 18 with a publication in the Official Journal by the end of June.
June 1, 2020	 Indonesia	Effective date for Bank Indonesia regulations for the establishment of CCPs for interest rate and FX derivative transactions.
June 1, 2020	 India	Effective date for Foreign Exchange Management Act amendments allowing Indian banks to participate in offshore NDF markets via IBUs and related reporting requirements for IBUs.
June 10, 2020	 US	CFTC final rule amending margin requirements for uncleared swaps for swap dealers and major swap participants for which there is no prudential regulator to add the European Stability Mechanism (ESM) to the list of entities that are excluded from the definition of financial end user under their regulations goes into effect.
June 18, 2020	 EU	Changes to the Reporting obligation requirements under EMIR Article 9 enter into force. Financial counterparties, management companies of Undertakings for Collective Investments in Transferable Securities (UCITS), managers of Alternative Investment Funds (AIFs) and Institutions for Occupational Retirement Provision (IORPS) shall be legally liable for reporting details of OTC derivatives contracts. However, counterparties and CCPs may delegate the reporting obligation.
June 18, 2020	 EU	In the context of EMIR Refit, the ESAs are mandated to submit several draft Level 2 acts to the European Commission: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ESMA shall submit draft implementing technical standards (ITS), specifying the reporting obligation under EMIR Article 9.</li> <li>• The ESAs shall submit draft regulatory technical standards (RTS), specifying risk mitigation techniques under EMIR Article 11. The EBA shall draft RTS in relation to the supervisory procedures.</li> <li>• ESMA shall submit draft RTSs with the purpose of specifying requirements for trade repositories (Article 56, 78 and 81).</li> </ul>
















June 18, 2020	 EU	<p>ESMA shall submit its report to the European Commission (EC) on alignment of the reporting obligations under EMIR and MiFIR, post-trade risk reduction services, and money market funds for CCP investment policy.</p> <p>In addition, the EC shall submit a report to the co-legislators on clearing solutions for pension scheme arrangements. EMIR Refit mandates the EC to submit such a report every 12 months.</p>
By June 30, 2020	 UK	UK and EU expected to conclude equivalence assessments before the end of June 2020.
June 30, 2020	 US	<p>Expiry of relief for certain members of DCMs and SEFs from time stamp requirements to facilitate separation of personnel in response to the COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-02)</p> <p>Expiry of relief for FCMs and Introducing Brokers to facilitate physical separation of personnel in response to the COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-03)</p> <p>Expiry of relief for Floor Brokers to facilitate physical separation of personnel in response to the COVID 19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-04)</p> <p>Expiry of relief for RFEDs from recording, time stamp requirements due to COVID 19 pandemic (See CFTC letter No. 20-05)</p> <p>Expiry of relief for Swap Dealers from recording, time stamp, requirements due to COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-06)</p> <p>Expiry of relief for SEFs from recording of oral communications, audit trail, and recordkeeping requirements due to COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-07, 20-08)</p> <p>Expiry of relief for DCMs from audit trail and related requirements due to COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-09)</p> <p>Expiry of relief for Insured Depository Institutions from the requirement to include certain swaps when calculating if it exceeds the registration threshold for MSPs, due to COVID-19 pandemic (See CFTC Letter No. 20-10)</p>
June 30, 2020	 Japan	<p>Expiration of temporary exemption for licensing requirements for CCPs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CDS on non-Japanese indices/entities: clearinghouses which were established in foreign countries and holds similar license as Japan</li> <li>• IRS denominated in Korean Won: KRX</li> <li>• Repo: clearinghouses which were established in the US, UK and France</li> </ul>
July 1, 2020	 UK	Deadline for the UK and EU to agree to a single, time-limited extension (of up to one or two years) of the implementation period, which otherwise ends on December 31, 2020.













July 1, 2020	 Malaysia	Basel III: Phase 1 of NSFR implementation commences (80% minimum).
July 3, 2020	 US	Expiration of relief to broker-dealers to provide research services that constitute investment advice under section 202(a)(11) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 to investment managers that are required under Directive 2014/65/EU to pay for the research services from their own money or research payment accounts. (SEC Relief, Division of Investment Management, October 26, 2017).
September 1, 2020	 US  EU  Japan  Hong Kong	<p>Initial margin requirements apply under US PR, EU and Japanese margin rules to Phase 5 entities.</p> <p>In Hong Kong, SFC variation margin requirements take effect (subject to thresholds and exemptions).</p>
September 1, 2020	 India	Effective date of the revised RBI directions on facilities for hedging FX risk.
September 15, 2020	 EU	Application of the mandatory systematic internaliser (SI) regime for derivatives under MiFID II / MiFIR, i.e. pre-trade transparency requirements and supply of the Financial Instruments Reference Data System (FIRDS) on derivatives subject to the mandatory SI regime based on ESMA calculations (to be published on of August 1, 2020).
September 28, 2020	 US	Expiration of an extension of relief and additional relief to reporting parties from certain data reporting requirements implemented in connection with the CFTC's Ownership and Control Reports final rule (CFTC Letter No. 17-45).
September 30, 2020	 Australia	Expiry of relief from reporting exchange-traded derivatives (ETDs), Name Information, FX Securities Conversion Transactions and Identifying Information (due to consent and foreign privacy restrictions) under ASIC Corporations (Derivative Transaction Reporting Exemption) Instrument 2018/810 and ASIC Corporations (Amendment) Instrument 2019/169 (although extended relief is expected for at least the ETD, Name Information and FX Securities Conversion Transactions exemptions).
September 30, 2020	 India	Basel III: Capital Conservation Buffer (2.5%) phased in from March 2016.
September 30, 2020	 India	Basel III: Expiration of revised LCR requirement of 80%.
September 30, 2020	 Korea	Basel III: Expiration of revised foreign currency LCR of 70% and total LCR of 85% requirements.

Q4 2020	 EU	As a result of the COVID-19 crisis, the European Commission will now likely propose its legislative proposal (CRR III) implementing the market risk standards (FRTB) as a binding capital constraint as part of the review included in the CRR II text in Q4 2020 instead of the originally expected June 2020 date. The CRR III will also transpose the output floor, alongside the revised credit valuation adjustment framework, and operational and credit risk framework, amongst others. The proposal will also take into consideration the impact of the COVID-19 crisis on banks' financial situation.
October 2020	 Korea	Expected implementation of trade reporting regime under the FSC Regulations on Financial Investment Business.
By October 1, 2020	 EU	<p>Following the finalization of the ESAs Review, ESMA shall submit draft regulatory technical standards (RTS), specifying requirements under the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR). The RTS shall specify:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The requirements to ensure that the governance arrangements, in accordance with the BMR Article 4, are sufficiently robust.</li> <li>• The conditions to ensure that the methodology of a benchmarks complies with the provisions set out in BMR Article 12 (a) to (e), i.e. the methodology shall be robust, reliable, subject to clear rules when discretion may be exercised, resilient, traceable and verifiable.</li> <li>• The characteristics of the systems and controls a benchmark administrator should have established, to ensure the integrity of input data, in accordance with BMR Article 14.</li> <li>• The criteria under BMR Article 21 on which National Competent Authorities should assess the cessation plans in relation to a critical benchmark.</li> <li>• The criteria under which competent authorities may require changes to the compliance statement, in accordance with BMR Article 26.</li> </ul>
October 1, 2020	 India	Basel III: NSFR implementation.
November 5, 2020	 US	Extension of SEC relief of temporary exemptions from Section 8[1] of the Exchange Act and from Exchange Act rules 8c-1, 15c2-1, 10b-16, 15c2-5, and 15a-1 [2] in connection with the revision of the definition of "security" to encompass security-based swaps. (See 85 Fed. Reg. 2763-2766 (January 16, 2020)).
November 15, 2020	 US	<p>Expiration of an extension of relief for the following package transactions (CFTC Letter No. 17-55):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MAT/New Issuance Bond</li> <li>• MAT/Futures</li> <li>• MAT/Non-MAT (Uncleared)</li> <li>• MAT/Non-Swap Instruments</li> <li>• MAT/Non-CFTC Swap</li> </ul>
November 15, 2020	 US	Expiration of an extension of relief for SEFs from certain audit trail requirements in CFTC Regulation 37.205 related to post-trade allocation information (CFTC Letter No. 17-54).












November 15, 2020	 US	Expiration of an extension of relief to SEFs in connection with the execution of block trades (CFTC Letter No. 17-60).
November 30, 2020	 US	Expiration of relief to SEF CCOs providing them with 90 calendar days after the end of a SEF's fiscal year to concurrently file the Annual Compliance Report and fourth quarter financial report (CFTC Letter No. 17-61).
December 1, 2020	 US	Expiration of an extension of relief from Parts 45 and 46 for swaps with non-US counterparties that are not guaranteed affiliates, or conduit affiliates, of a US person (CFTC Letter No. 17-64) (previously No. 16-79).  Applies to CFTC-registered SDs and MSPs that are non-US persons established under the laws of Australia, Canada, the EU, Japan or Switzerland, and that are not part of an affiliated group in which the ultimate parent entity is a US: SD, MSP, bank, financial holding company or bank holding company.
December 20, 2020	 EU	The three-year derogation from non-cleared margin rules for intragroup transactions concerning entities located in third-country jurisdictions where no EMIR Article 13(2) equivalence determination is in place is extended until December 20, 2020. Following this date, in the absence of an extension, intragroup transactions in derivatives in scope of the non-cleared margin rules, between EU entities and entities located in non-equivalent third-countries, would need to be margined in compliance with the Margin RTS (Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/2251).
December 20, 2020	 EU	The first three-year derogation from the clearing obligation for intragroup transactions concerning entities located in third-country jurisdictions where no EMIR Article 13(2) equivalence determination is in place expired on December 21, 2018.  On October 31, 2018, ESMA published a statement to ask national competent authorities to not prioritize their supervisory actions towards group entities that benefit from the derogation for intragroup transactions meeting certain conditions on and after December 21, 2018, pending adoption of a Commission Delegated Regulation extending the derogation. In April 2019, ESMA has proposed extending the derogation until December 21, 2020. On April 29, 2019, Commission Delegated Regulation 2019/667, amending Delegated Regulation 2015/2205 was published in the Official Journal of the European Union, extending the derogation from the clearing obligation for intragroup transactions concerning third country affiliates until December 21, 2020.  Following December 21, 2020, in the absence of another extension, intragroup transactions in G4 currency interest rate swaps or credit derivatives (where relevant) subject to the clearing obligation, between EU entities and entities located in non-equivalent third-countries, would need to be cleared through a CCP, in compliance with the relevant Clearing RTS.
December 31, 2020	 Global	The Financial Stability Board (FSB) recommends that regulators implement the CPMI-IOSCO Unique Transaction Identifier (UTI) Technical Guidance to take effect no later than December 31, 2020.









December 31, 2020	 US	Expiration of relief to Eligible Affiliate Counterparties from the Outward-Facing Swaps Condition in the Inter-Affiliate Exemption (CFTC Letter No. 17-66) (previously No. 16-81).
December 31, 2020	 US	Expiration of an extension of relief to Eligible Affiliate Counterparties who do not claim the Inter-Affiliate Exemption from the trade execution requirement (CFTC Letter No. 17-67) (previously No. 16-80).
December 31, 2020	 EU	Date by which the European Commission has to publish a legislative proposal on the capital requirement regime for commodity trading firms.
December 31, 2020	 UK	End of UK-EU transition period.
2021 and beyond		
January 2021	 Singapore	Targeted implementation date for revised reporting standards for banks to reduce duplicate data submissions under MAS Notices 610 and 1003.
January 1, 2021	 US	Compliance date for FDIC, Fed, OCC, SEC, CFTC Final Rule on Prohibitions and Restrictions on Proprietary Trading and Certain Interests in, and Relationships With, Hedge Funds and Private Equity Funds (See 84 Fed. Reg. 61974-62277 (November 14, 2019)).
January 1, 2021	 EU	The European Commission shall adopt a delegated act, identifying sectors to be excluded from the methodology of Paris-aligned benchmarks under the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR).
January 1, 2021	 Australia	Expected commencement of revised Prudential Standard APS 111 Capital Adequacy: Measurement of Capital, which establishes the criteria for ADIs' regulatory capital requirements.
January 1, 2021	 Hong Kong	Effective date of the revised Financial Services Providers (FSP) List under the clearing obligation.
January 2, 2021	 EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, the European Commission shall adopt a delegated act specifying further criteria that determine whether a CCP is systemically important (tiering) (EMIR article 25 (2a)).
January 2, 2021	 EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, the European Commission shall adopt a delegated act specifying the assessment whether in its compliance with the applicable third-country framework, that CCP may be deemed to satisfy compliance with the requirements set out in Article 16 and Titles IV and V (EMIR article 25a (3)).
January 2, 2021	 EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA shall submit a draft RTS specifying the conditions under which the Union currencies that are considered as the most relevant (driving representation of central banks in the college) and the details of the written agreement between college members (EMIR article 18 (6)).
January 2, 2021	 EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA shall submit a draft RTS develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying the conditions under which changes to a CCP's models and parameters are significant (EMIR article 49 (5)).








January 4, 2021	 EU	The three-year derogation from margin rules in respect of non-centrally cleared over-the-counter derivatives which are single-stock equity options or index option where no EMIR Article 13(2) equivalence determination is in place is extended until January 4, 2021. Following this date, in the absence of an extension, equity option transactions will be in scope of the non-cleared margin rules in compliance with the Margin RTS (Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/2251).
January 4, 2021	 EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA has to provide a draft RTS on conditions under which additional services of a CCP require a new authorization and also specifying the procedure for consulting the college established in accordance with Article 18 on whether or not those conditions are met (EMIR 2.2 article 1 (2)).
January 4, 2021	 Hong Kong	Commencement of variation margin requirements for non-centrally cleared single stock options, equity basket options and equity index options (aligned with the above EU derogation).
January 31, 2021	 Malaysia	Commencement of HLA requirements for D-SIBs.
February 19, 2021	 US	Expiration of an extension of relief to market participants, DCMs and SEFs from certain Part 45 reporting obligations in connection with the execution of swap transactions accepted for clearing by DCOs exempted from DCO registration or operating pursuant to no-action relief. Relief was also granted pertaining to certain data field reporting requirements in Parts 43 and 45 (CFTC Letter No. 18-03).
March 1, 2021	 EU  Switzerland  Japan  Canada  Singapore  Hong Kong  Australia  Korea  Brazil	Three-month calculation period begins to determine whether the average aggregate notional amount of derivatives for an entity and its affiliates exceeds relevant threshold for initial margin requirements as of September 1, 2021.
March 31, 2021	 India	Basel III: Expiration of revised LCR requirement of 90%.














April 1, 2021	 India	Basel III: Exemption of non-centrally cleared derivatives from large exposures calculation framework expires.
April 1, 2021	 Japan	Earliest date that the net stable funding ratio will be implemented.
June 1, 2021	 US	Three-month calculation period begins in the US to determine whether the material swaps exposure, or daily average aggregate notional amount, of swaps, security-based swaps, FX swaps and FX forwards for an entity and its affiliates that trade with a US swap dealer exceeds \$8 billion for the application of initial margin requirements as of September 1, 2022, subject to finalization of rule amendments.
June 18, 2021	 EU	Changes to the clearing obligation under EMIR Article 4 enter into force. Clearing members and clients which provide clearing services shall provide those services under fair, reasonable, non-discriminatory and transparent commercial terms (FRANDT). The European Commission shall specify these conditions via a delegated act.  In addition, trade repositories have to, in accordance with EMIR Article 78, establish procedures and policies regarding the transfers, reconciliations, completeness and correctness of data.
June 26, 2021	 EU	Full application of the investment firms review (published in the official journal of the EU on December 5, 2019), including changes to MiFID 2/ MiFIR third country regime.
June 28, 2021	 EU	Implementation date for the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio and the standardized approach for counterparty credit risk under the CRR II capital requirements text.
June 30, 2021	 Hong Kong	Basel III: Effective date of BCAR 2020 and SA-CCR implementation.
June 30, 2021	 Korea	Basel III: Expiry of FSS no-action relief for NSFR for special banks.
Q3 2021	 EU	As a result of COVID-19, the European Banking Authority (EBA) has acknowledged there will be operational challenges to maintain the original Q1 2021 start date for the Standardised Approach (SA) reporting requirements under the CRR II market risk standard. It has communicated that Q3 2021 would be the new start date. The EBA has also asked the European Commission to further delay the date of application of the delegated act triggering the reporting obligations for SA.
July 31, 2021	 US	Expiration of an extension of relief to Shanghai Clearing House permitting it to clear swaps subject to mandatory clearing in the People's Republic of China for the proprietary trades of clearing members that are US persons or affiliates of US persons (CFTC Letter No. 18-04).
August 6, 2021	 US	Counting date for thresholds in SBS entity definitions per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
September 1, 2021	 US	Phase 6 deadline for margin and capital requirements for covered swap entities with a material swaps exposure of \$8 billion to \$50 billion (See FDIC, OCC, Federal Reserve, FHFA and FCA proposed margin and capital requirements for covered swap entities and CFTC proposed amendment to the margin rule).



September 1, 2021	 Australia	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 APRA covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding AUD 75 billion.
	 Singapore	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 MAS covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding SGD 80 billion.
	 Hong Kong	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 HKMA AIs and SFC LCs with an aggregate notional amount exceeding HKD 375 billion.
	 Korea	Initial margin requirements apply to financial institutions with derivatives exceeding more than KRW 70 trillion.
	 Japan	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 JFSA covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding JPY 1.1 billion.
	 Canada	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 OSFI covered entities with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding CAD 75 billion.
	 Switzerland	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties whose aggregate month-end average position exceeds CHF 50 billion.
	 EU	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties with an aggregate average notional amount exceeding EUR 50 billion (per draft EMIR RTS).
September 1, 2021	 US	Initial margin requirements apply under US CFTC for Phase 5 entities. Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 covered entities with a material swaps exposure (>USD 8 billion) (CFTC final, USPR draft rule).
	 Malaysia	Basel III: Phase 2 of NSFR implementation commences (100% minimum).
By October 1, 2021	 EU	<p>The European Commission (EC) shall adopt delegated acts, in accordance with BMR Article 49, to specify the rules of procedure for the exercise of the power to impose fines or periodic penalty payments, including provisions on rights of defence, temporal provisions and the collection of fines or periodic penalty payments, and the limitation periods for the imposition and enforcement of fines and periodic penalty payments.</p> <p>In addition, the EC shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 49 in order to supplement this Regulation by specifying the type of fees, the matters for which fees are due, the amount of the fees and the manner in which they are to be paid.</p>

October 1, 2021	 Singapore	Commencement of reporting of equity, commodity and FX derivative contracts booked or traded in Singapore by finance companies, subsidiaries of banks incorporated in Singapore, insurers and holders of CMS licenses with annual aggregate gross notional amount of specified derivatives contracts of more than S\$5 billion, and all significant derivatives holders.
October 6, 2021	 US	Registration compliance date. This the earliest compliance date for several rules applicable to SBS entities per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
October 8, 2021	 Singapore	Commencement of risk mitigation requirements for non-centrally derivative contracts under Regulation 54B of the Securities and Futures (Licensing and Conduct of Business) Regulations.
November 1, 2021	 US	Registration applications due from SBS dealers that incur a registration obligation on the counting date per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
December 1, 2021	 US	Registration applications due from major-SBS participants that incur a registration obligation as a result of SBS activities in their quarter ending September 30, 2021 per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
December 31, 2021	 EU	All benchmark administrators in scope of the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR), with the exception of currency and interest rate benchmarks, have to explain in their benchmark statement how their methodology aligns with the Paris agreement.
January 1, 2022	 EU	<p>The transitional period for benchmarks designated as critical and non-EU benchmarks under the Financial Benchmarks Regulation (BMR) ends on January 1, 2022. Critical and non-EU benchmarks administrators will have to be included in the ESMA register of benchmarks (or have applied for it and not been rejected yet) by that date. Otherwise, EU supervised entities will no longer be able to refer in their transactions to benchmarks provided by these administrators (with the exception of transaction entered into before January 1, 2022 referencing non-EU benchmarks).</p> <p>ESAs Review: Start date of the application of the provisions relating to the BMR.</p> <p>ESMA will become the competent authority for administrators of critical benchmarks, as defined in Article 20(1)(a) and (c), i.e. large interest rate benchmarks such as Euribor, EONIA, WIBOR and STIBOR.</p> <p>ESMA will also become the competent authority under the recognition process (BMR Article 32) for administrators located in third country jurisdictions. This notably removes the requirement for third country benchmark administrators to identify the 'member state of reference'.</p>
January 1, 2022	 EU	Administrators of significant benchmarks, as defined under the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR), have to endeavor to market at least one EU climate-transition benchmark.

January 1, 2022	 US	Compliance date for advanced approaches banking organizations of standardized approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)—for calculating the exposure amount of derivative contracts under U.S. prudential regulators' regulatory capital rule (See 85 Fed. Reg. 4362-4444 (January 24, 2020)).
January 1, 2022	 Australia	Revised APS 220 Credit Risk Management comes into effect.
January 2, 2022	 EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA shall assess the staffing and resources needs arising from the assumption of its powers and duties in accordance with this Regulation and submit a report to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission (EMIR article 90).
April 2, 2022	 Australia	Expiry of ASIC Corporations (Amendment) Instrument 2020/149, providing relief from mandatory clearing requirements for AUD-denominated FRAs.
September 1, 2022	 EU	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties with an aggregate average notional amount exceeding EUR 8 billion (per draft EMIR RTS).
	 Australia	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 APRA covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding AUD 12 billion.
	 Canada	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 covered entities with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding CAD 12 billion.
	 Hong Kong	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 HKMA AIs and SFC LCs with an aggregate notional amount exceeding HKD 60 billion.
	 Korea	Initial margin requirements apply to financial institutions with derivatives exceeding more than KRW 10 trillion.
	 Switzerland	Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties whose aggregate month-end average position exceeds CHF 8 billion.
	 Singapore	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 6 MAS covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding SGD 13 billion.
September 30, 2022	 Australia	Expiry of ASIC Corporations (Amendment) Instrument 2020/242, providing relief from reporting certain unique transaction identifiers (UTIs) and from NZ banks reporting entity information.
October 9, 2022	 Global	The Financial Stability Board (FSB) recommends that jurisdiction-level regulators implement the CPMI-IOSCO Unique Product Identifier (UPI) Technical Guidance to take effect no later than third quarter 2022.
October 9, 2022	 Global	Committee on Payments and Market Infrastructures (CPMI) and the International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) recommend that jurisdiction-level regulators implement the CPMI-IOSCO Critical Data Elements (CDE) Technical Guidance to take effect no later than October 9, 2022.

December 31, 2022	 EU	The European Commission shall review the minimum standards of carbon benchmarks (climate-transition and Paris-aligned benchmarks) in order to ensure that the selection of the underlying assets is coherent with environmentally sustainable investment as defined by the EU taxonomy.
December 31, 2022	 EU	Before December 31, 2020, the European Commission shall present a report to the co-legislators on the impact of climate-benchmark amendments to the European Benchmark Regulation (BMR). The report shall be accompanied, where appropriate by a legislative proposal.
January 1, 2023	 Global	FRTB: Banks are required to report under the new market risk standards by January 1, 2023.
January 1, 2023	 Global	Leverage Ratio: Banks are required to calculate leverage using the revised exposure definitions, including the G-SIB buffer from January 2023.
January 1, 2023	 Global	CVA: Banks are required to implement the revised CVA framework from January 2023.
January 1, 2023	 Hong Kong	Basel III: Locally incorporated AIs required to report under FRTB framework.
January 1, 2023	 Hong Kong	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised credit risk, operational risk, output floor, and leverage ratio frameworks.
January 1, 2023	 Australia	Expected implementation of revised capital framework for ADIs.
January 1, 2023	 Australia	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised leverage ratio requirements, including revised treatment for client clearing.
January 1, 2023	 Singapore	Basel III: Expected implementation of FRTB framework for supervisory reporting purposes.
January 1, 2023	 Singapore	Basel III: Expected implementation of revised credit risk, operational risk, output floor and leverage ratio frameworks.
January 2, 2023	 EU	In the context of EMIR 2.2, the European Commission shall produce a report assessing the effectiveness of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ESMA's tasks, in particular the CCP Supervisory Committee's, in fostering the convergence and coherence of the application of EMIR2.2 among the competent authorities;</li> <li>• the framework for the recognition and supervision of third-country CCPs;</li> <li>• the framework for guaranteeing a level playing field among CCPs authorized in the EU and third-country CCPs; and</li> <li>• the division of responsibilities between ESMA, the competent authorities and the central banks of issue (EMIR article 85 (7)).</li> </ul>
Q3 2023	 EU	Expected start date for the Internal Model Approach (IM) reporting requirements under the CRR II market risk standard.

January 1, 2024



Australia

Basel III: Expected implementation of FRTB framework.

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